### 6.3 DULCOTEST<sup>®</sup> Amperometric Sensors

6.3 Amperometric Sensors for Chlorine, Bromine, Chlorine Dioxide, Chlorite, Ozone,

### **Disolved Oxygen and Peracetic Acid**

**ProMinent** 

For optimum functioning of chlorine, bromine, chlorine dioxide and ozone measuring cells please note the following guidelines:

- Use DULCOMETER<sup>®</sup> measurement and control systems.
- Install only in ProMinent\* DGM or DLGA in-line probe housings.
- Defined flow between 30 and 60 l/h.
- Chlorine measurement must only take place when pH is stable (CLE 3).
- Regular calibration with a Photometer (e.g. Type DT 1).

### Important:

### Amperometric probes are **NOT electrically isolated.**

When installing in external appliances (e.g.PLC), you should electrically isolate the supply voltage and the analogue input signal.

- Summary of features:
- High zero point stability
- Compact design
- Integrated temperature correction
- Simple to install
- Simple to maintain
- Short warm up period time
- Measurement signal virtually unaffected by flow

Chlorine dissolved in water is present in different forms:

Free (active) chlorine:	Cl <sub>2</sub> , HOCI (hypochlorous acid), OCI <sup>-</sup> (hypochlorite) recommended sensors: CLE (analysis: DPD 1).
Combined chlorine:	mono, di, trichloramine (analysis: DPD 4 - DPD 1).
Organic combined	Of isocyanuric acid / isocyanurate bound chlorine (total available
	chlorine) and the resulting free (effective) chlorine; recommended sensor: CGE (analysis: DPD 1).
Total chlorine:	Sum of free and combined chlorine; recommended sensor: CTE (analysis: DPD 4).
Applications:	Chlorine measurement in drinking, swimming pool, process, industrial water and water of similar quality e.g. seawater/brine with up to 15 % chloride content.
	We recommend the CGE, CTE chlorine sensors for measuring chlorine if pH value is high (89.5).
Guidelines for device	
usage:	The measuring cells type CLE cannot be used in the presence of iso-cyanuric acid/chlorine stabilisers!
	The sensors with the suffix -mA are used with the measurement and control devices D1C, D2C and DULCOMARIN <sup>®</sup> . The sen- sors with the suffix -4P are used with the earlier WS controllers and for metering pumps with integrated chlorine controllers. DMT-type sensors are used for the DMT transducer. CAN-type sensors are used with the DULCOMARIN <sup>®</sup> II swimming pool controller.
Note	CLE sensors: The CLE type sensors cannot be used in liquids containing isocyanuric acid/chlorine stabilisers.

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6.6 6.3 DULCOTEST® Sensors for free chlorine - CLE 3-mA and CLE 3.1-mA Measurement of free chlorine CLE 3-mA Measured variable: Free chlorine (hypochlorus acid H

# 221

pk\_5\_046



CLE 3-mA-100 ppm set, with 100 ml electrolyte

Measured variable:	Free chlorine (hypochlorus acid HOCI	)
Analysis:	DPD 1	
Measurement range:	0.01 50 mg/l	
pH range:	5.58.0 (up to pH 8.5 for pH correction	in the D1C)
Temperature range:	545 °C (temperature compensated)	
Max. pressure:	1 bar	
Flow:	3060 l/h (in DGM or DLGA)	
Power supply:	1624 VDC (two-wire technology)	
Output signal:	420 mA ł measurement range (un-cali Warning: no electrical isolation!	brated)
Typical applications:	CLE 3-mA-0.5 ppm, potable water CLE 3-mA-2.0/10 ppm, swimming pool, cess water (surfactant free)	potable, industrial, pro-
Measurement and control devices: In-line probe housing:	D1C, D2C, DULCOMARIN <sup>®</sup> (2/10 ppm c DGM, DLGA	only)
CLE 3-mA-0.5 ppm set, w	ith 100 ml electrolyte *** not stocked***	792927.
CLE 3-mA-2 ppm set, with 100 ml electrolyte *** not stocked*** 792920.		
CLE 3-mA-5 ppm set, with	100 ml electrolyte	1033392.
CLE 3-mA-10 ppm set, wit	h 100 ml electrolyte	792919.
CLE 3-mA-20 ppm set, wit	th 100 ml electrolyte	1002964.
CLE 3-mA-50 ppm set, with	th 100 ml electrolyte	1020531.



CLE 3.1-mA		
Measured variable:	Free chlorine (hypochlorus aci rate of combined chlorine and up to 8.5 (with D1C pH correct	d HOCI) where there is a high /or in the case of pH values ion).
Analysis:	DPD 1	
Measurement range:	0.022.00 mg/l (CLE 3.1-mA-2 p 0.015.0 mg/l (CLE 3.1-mA-5 pp 0.110.0 mg/l (CLE 3.1-mA-10 p	opm) om) opm)
pH range:	5.58.0 (up to pH 8.5 for pH co	rrection in the D1C)
Temperature range:	545 °C (temperature compens	ated)
Max. pressure:	1 bar	
Flow:	3060 l/h (in DGM or DLGA)	
Power supply:	1624 VDC (two-wire technolog	y)
Output signal:	420 mA I measurement range Warning: no electrical isolation	(un-calibrated) <b>n!</b>
Typical applications:	CLE 3-mA-2.0/10 ppm, swimmir process water (surfactant free)	ng pool, potable, industrial,
Measurement and		
control devices:	D1C, D2C, DULCOMARIN®	
In-line probe housing:	DGM, DLGA	
CLE 3.1-mA-0.5 ppm set	t, with 100 ml electrolyte	1020530.
CLE 3.1-mA-2 ppm set, v	with 100 ml electrolyte	1018369.
CLE 3.1-mA-5 ppm set, v	with 100 ml electrolyte	1019398.
CLE 3.1-mA-10 ppm set,	with 100 ml electrolyte	1018368.

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### roMinen **6.3 DULCOTEST® Sensors for Chlorine**

6.3.2 DULCOTEST <sup>°</sup>Sensors for free chlorine - CLE 3-mA and CLE 3.1-mA



### **CLE 3-CAN**

Measured variable:	Free chlorine (hypochlorus acid HOCl)	
Analysis:	DPD 1	
pH range:	5.58.0	
Temperature range:	545 °C (temperature compensated)	
Max. pressure:	1 bar	
Flow:	3060 l/h (in DGM or DLGA)	
Power supply:	Via CAN interfaace(11-30V)	
Output signal:	un-calibrated, temperature compensated,	electrically isolated
Typical applications:	swimming pool, potable water (surfactant	free)
Measurement and control devices:	DULCOMARIN®	
In-line probe housing:	DGM, DLGA	
CLE 3-CAN-10 ppm 0.0	1 10.0 mg/l	1023425.

complete with 100 ml electrolyte

pk\_6\_096



6.7



P\_DT\_0072\_SW1



P\_DT\_0073\_SW1



©	6.8			Revised: 1st January 201
6.3.3 DULCOTEST <sup>®</sup> Sense	<b>T<sup>®</sup> Sensors f</b> ors for Free Chlorine	or Cl	hlorine	
	<b>CLO 1-mA</b> Measured variable Reference method pH range Temperature range Max. pressure Intake flow Power supply Output signal Typical applications industrial service water, and processes Measurement and control equipment	free chl DPD1 5,0 9 5 45 8,0 bar 3060 depend 1624 420 r uncalib swimm d can also b	lorine (hypochlorus acid H 9,0 °C I/h (in DGM or DLG III), co lent signal V DC (2-wire) mA = Measuring range, te rated, not electrically isola ing pool, uncontaminated e used together with diapl 2C, DULCOMARIN <sup>®</sup>	OCI) onstant flow as flow- emperature-compensated, ated drinking water and hragm-free electrolysis
	In-line probe housing Measuring principle	DGM, I (on req ampero	DLG III to 60 °C, special fit uest) ometric, 3 electrodes, no c	ting for 60 °C-70 °C liaphragm
P_DT_0072_SW1	CLO 1-mA CLO 1-mA	-2 ppm -10 ppm	0,022,0 mg/l 0,1010,0 mg/l	1033871 1033870
	<b>CLO 2-mA</b> Measured variable Reference method pH range Temperature range Max. pressure Intake flow Power supply Output signal Typical applications	free chl DPD1 5,0 9 5 70 8,0 bar 3060 depend 1624 420 r uncalib Hot wa	lorine (hypochlorus acid H 9,0 °C I/h (im DGM oder DLG III) Jent signal V DC (two-wire system) nA = Measuring range, te rated, not electrically isola ter up to 70°C, combating	OCI) ), constant flow as flow- emperature-compensated, ated ) legionella uncontami-

nated drinking water and industrial service water, and can also be used together with diaphragm-free electrolysis processes Measurement and D1C, D2C, DULCOMARIN® control equipment In-line probe housing DGM, DLG III to 60°C, special fitting for 60°C-70°C (on request) Measuring principle amperometric, 3 electrodes, no diaphragm

CLO 2-mA-2 ppm

CLR 1-mA-200ppm Measured variable

Reference method

Temperature Max. pressure

Intake flow

equipment

Power supply

Output signal

Typical applications

In-line probe fitting

Measuring principle



0,02...2,0 mg/l

### 1033878

Free chlorine (hypochlorous acid HOCI) DPD1pH range5.5 ... 8.0 5 ... 45 °C 1.0 bar 30...60 l/h (in DGM, DLG II) 16...24 V DC (2-wire) 4...20 mA = Measuring range, temperature-compensated, uncalibrated, not electrically isolated Salad, vegetable and poultry washing water, contaminated process and waste water Measuring and control D1Cb, DAC, delta® solenoid diaphragm metering pump DGM, DLG III amperometric, 2 electrodes, diaphragm-covered

CLR 1-mA-200 ppm

20.00 ...200,0 mg/l 1047978

## 6.3.4 DULCOTEST<sup>®</sup> Sensors for DMT CLE 3-DMT Measuring cell for use with the DMT "chlorine" measurement transducer.

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### pk\_5\_045

Measuring cell for use with the DMT "chlorine" measurement transducer.			
Measured variable:	Free chlorine (hypochlorous acid	HOCI)	
Reference method:	DPD1		
Measurement range:	0.015.0 mg/l		
	0.0550 mg/l		
Supply:	From the DMT measurement trai	nsducer (3.3 VDC)	
Output signal:	Un-calibrated, not temperature of	compensated	
Temperature	545 °C		
Max. pressure:	1 bar		
Flow:	3060 l/h (in DGM or DLGA)		
measurement:	Via integrated Pt 1000: compens	sation carried out in DMT	
Measuring cell output:	5-pin plug		
Other data as for CLE-3 mA.			
CLE 3-DMT-5 ppm set with 100 ml electrolyte 1005511.		1005511.	
CLE 3-DMT-50 ppm set with 100 ml electrolyte 1005512.		1005512.	
See section 3.21			
Universal control cable, 5-pole	e round connector, 5-wire, 2 m	1001300.	
Universal control cable, 5-pole	e round connector, 5-wire, 5 m	1001301.	
Universal control cable, 5-pole round connector, 5-wire, 10 m 1001302.			



### pk\_5\_022

### CTE 1-DMT

Measuring cell for use with the	DMT "chlorine" measurement transdue	cer.
Measured variable:	Total Chlorine	
Reference method:	DPD4	
Measurement range:	0.0110 mg/l	
Supply:	From the DMT measurement transduc	er (3.3 VDC)
Output signal:	Un-calibrated, not temperature comp	ensated
Temperature	545 °C	
Max. pressure:	1 bar	
Flow:	3060 l/h (in DGM or DLGA)	
measurement:	Via integrated Pt 1000: compensation	carried out in DMT
Measuring cell output:	5-pin plug	
Other data as for CLE-3 mA.		
CTE 1-DMT-10 ppm set with 50	) ml electrolyte	1007540.
See section 3.21		

Universal control cable, 5-pole round connector, 5-wire,	2 m	1001300.
Universal control cable, 5-pole round connector, 5-wire,	5 m	1001301.
Universal control cable, 5-pole round connector, 5-wire,	10 m	1001302.

1003203.

740684.

# 6.10 Revised 6.3 DULCOTEST® Sensors for Total Chlorine 6.3.5 DULCOTEST Sensors for Total Chlorine Alternative Sensors for Total Chlorine CTE 1-mA

221

pk\_5\_047\_1

CTE 1-mA		
Measured variable:	total chlorine	
Analysis:	DPD 4	
Measurement range:	0.010.50 mg/l (CTE 1-mA-0.5 p 0.02 2.00 mg/l (CTE 1-mA-2 pp 0.05 5.00 mg/l (CTE 1-mA-5 pp 0.110.0 mg/l (CTE 1-mA-10 pp	opm) om) om) m)
pH range:	5.59.5	
Temperature range:	545 °C	
Max. pressure:	3 bar	
Flow:	3060 l/h (in DGM or DLGA)	
Power supply:	1624 V DC (two-wire technolog	IX)
Output signal:	420 mA ł measurement range ( Warning: no electrical isolation	(un-calibrated) !
Typical applications:	CTE 1-mA-0.5 ppm, potable wate CTE 1-mA-2/5/10 ppm, potable, In swimming pool in combination combined chlorine.	er industrial, process water, n with CLE3.1 for determining
Measurement and control devices:	D1C, DULCOMARIN <sup>®</sup> (2/10 ppm	only)
In-line probe housing:	DGM, DLGA	
		Part No.
CTE 1-mA-0.5 ppm se	et, with 50 ml electrolyte	740686.
CTE 1-mA-2 ppm set	, with 50 ml electrolyte	740685.

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CTE 1-mA-5 ppm set, with 50 ml electrolyte

CTE 1-mA-10 ppm set, with 50 ml electrolyte

Measured variable:	total chlorine	
Analysis:	DPD 4	
pH range:	5.59.5	
Temperature range:	545 °C	
Max. pressure:	3 bar	
Flow:	3060 l/h (in DGM or DLGA)	
Power supply:	Via CAN interface (11-30V)	
Output signal:	un-calibrated, temperature compensation	ted, electrically isolated
Typical applications:	In swimming pool in combination with combined chlorine.	CLE3.1 for determining
Measurement and		
control devices:	DULCOMARIN <sup>®</sup> II	
In-line probe housing:	DGM, DLGA	
		Part No.
CTE 1-mA-10 ppm	0.01 10.0 mg/l	1023427.



### 6.3.6 DULCOTEST<sup>®</sup> Sensors for Total Chlorine 6.3.6 DULCOTEST<sup>®</sup> Sensors for total Chlorine

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pk\_5\_047\_1

Measured variable of organic combined	chlorine	and
free chlorine (total available chlorine)		

CGE 2-mA			
Measured variable:	Organic combined chlorine and free (e.g. trichloroisocyanuric acid)	chlorine	
Analysis:	DPD 1		
Measurement range:	0.022.00 mg/l (CGE 2-mA-2 ppm) 0.110.0 mg/l (CGE 2-mA-10 ppm)		
pH range:	5.59.5		
Temperature range:	545 °C (temperature compensated)		
Max. pressure:	3 bar		
Flow:	3060 l/h (in DGM or DLGA)		
Power supply:	1624 V DC (two-wire technology)		
Output signal:	420 mA ł measurement range (un-calibrated) Warning: no electrical isolation!		
Typical applications:	Swimming pool, potable, industrial, process water, cooling water and water with a high pH value		
Measurement and			
control devices:	D1C, D2C, DULCOMARIN®		
In-line probe housing:	DGM, DLGA		
		Part No.	
CGE 2-mA-2 ppm set, with 50 ml electrolyte		792843.	
CGE 2-mA-10 ppm set, with 50 ml electrolyte 792842.		792842.	



### CGE 2-CAN

Measured variable:	Organic combined chlorine and free chl (e.g. trichloroisocyanuric acid)	orine
Analysis:	DPD 1	
pH range:	5.59.5	
Temperature range:	545 °C (temperature compensated)	
Max. pressure:	3 bar	
Flow:	3060 l/h (in DGM or DLGA)	
Power supply:	Via CAN interface (11-30V)	
Output signal:	un-calibrated, temperature compensa	ated, electrically isolated
Typical applications:	Swimming pool water	
Measurement and control devices:	DULCOMARIN <sup>®</sup> II	
In-line probe housing:	DGM, DLGA	
		Part No.
CGE 2-CAN-10 ppm	0.01 10.0 mg/l	1024420.

with 50 ml electrolyte

# 6.4.1 DULCOTEST® Bromine Sensors 6.4.1 DULCOTEST Sensors for Bromine The following bromating agents are used as disinf organic bromating agent

The following bromating agents are used as disinfectants:

a) DBDMH (1.3-dibrom-5.5-dimethyl-hydantoin) e. g. sold as Albrom 100 ®

b) BCDMH (1-bromine-3-chlorine-5.5-dimethyl-hydantoin) e.g. sold as Brom-Sticks®

These bromating agents are solid and are metered as saturated solutions via brominators.

### Inorganic free bromine

Free bromine is produced via the so-called Acti-Brom process® (Nalco) chlorine bleach + acid +sodium bromide.

For measuring DBDMH or free bromine as a bromating agent in the measurement range: 0.2 -10 ppm bromine the BRE 2-mA-10 ppm sensor is recommended along with DPD1-method calibration.

Alternatively, to measure BCDMH in the same measurement range, the BRE 1-mA-10 ppm sensor is recommended along with DPD4-method calibration.

Typical applications are in swimming pools, Jacuzzis and cooling systems. Particularly in cooling systems the quality of the sample water must be tested and, where applicable, compatibility with other chemicals employed (e.g. corrosion inhibitors). Dissolved copper(>0.1 mg/l) will interfere with the measurement.

Photometric DPD measurement is the recommended method for calibrating the bromine sensor (e.g. with DT 1), calculated and displayed as bromine. If bromine is determined as "chlorine" with DPD, note when selecting the measurement range that you need to lower the result by a factor of 2.25.



pk\_5\_089

### BCR 1-mA (replaces earlier BRE1)

Measured variable:	Total available bromine from BCDMH(bromo-3-chloro-5.5-dimethyth- dantoin) and N-Bromanide sulphonate
Reference method:	DPD4
pH drange:	5.0 9.5
Temperature range:	5 45 °C
Max. pressure:	1 bar
Sample flow:	30 60 l/h (in DGM or DLGA)
Voltage:	16 24 V DC (two-wire technology)
Output signal:	4 20 mA measurement range, temperature compensated
	Warning: not electrically isolated!
Typical applications:	Cooling water, process water, waste water, water with higer pH values (stable pH)
Measurement and	
control device:	D1C, D2C, DAC
In-line probe housing:	DGM, DLGA

### BCR 1-mA (replaces earlier BRE1)

BCR 1-mA-0.5 ppm with 50 ml electrolyte BCR 1-mA-2 ppm with 50 ml electrolyte BCR 1-mA -10 ppm with 50 ml electrolyte Measurement range relates to BCDMH

Part no. 1041697. 1040115. 1041698.



6.4.2 DULCOTEST<sup>°</sup> Sensors for Bromine

roMinen



pk\_5\_089

### CBR 1-mA (replaces earlier BRE2)

**BRE 3-CAN** 

Measured variable:	Free chlorine (hypochlorous acid HOCl), free bromine,			
	bound bromine			
Reference method:	DPD1			
pH range:	5.0 9.5	5.0 9.5		
Temperature	5 45 °C	5 45 °C		
Max. pressure:	1 bar	1 bar		
Flow:	30 60 l/h (in DGM or D	30 60 l/h (in DGM or DLGA)		
Power supply:	16 24 V DC (2-wire)	16 24 V DC (2-wire)		
Supply:	From the DMT measurem	From the DMT measurement transducer (3.3 VDC)		
Output signal:	signal: 4 20 mA = Measuring range, temperature-compension			
	uncalibrated, not electric	ally isolated		
Typical applications:	Cooling water, Process water, Waste water, Water with higher pH values (stable pH)			
Measurement	D1C, ProMcon	D1C, ProMcon		
and control equipment:				
In-line probe fitting	DGM, DLGA			
Measuring principle	amperometric, 2 electrodes, diaphragm-covered			
CBB 1-m4-0 5 ppm	0.01 0.5 mg/l	1038016		
		1038015		
		1030015.		
CBR 1-mA-5 ppm	0.05 5.0 mg/l	1038015.		
CBR 1-mA-10 ppm	0.10 10.0 mg/l	1038014.		

Note: the above measuring range is based on chlorine. The upper and lower limits of the measuring range are increased by a factor of 2.25 when measuring bromine e.g. CBR 1-mA-2 ppm = 4.5 ppm



### Measured variable: Total available bromine DBDMH (1.3-dibromine 5.5-dimethyl hydantoin) Bromine chemicals: BCDMH (1-bromine-3-chlorine-5.5-dimethyl hydantoin), free bromine Reference method: DBDMH, free bromine:DPD1 BCDMH:DPD4 DBDMH free bromine:0.2...10.0 mg/l with type BRE 2-mA-10 ppm Measurement range: BCDMH:0.2...10.0 mg/l with type BRE 1-mA-10 ppm pH dependence: if changes from pH 7 to pH 8 the sensor sensitivity is reduced a) in the case of DBDMH and free bromine by approx. 10 %b) in the case of BCDMH by approx. 25 % Temperature range: 5...45 °C Max. pressure: 3 bar Sample flow: 30...60 l/h (in DGM or DLGA) Voltage: Via CAN interface (11-30V) Output signal: uncalibrated, temperature compensated, electically isolated Typical applications: Swimming pools / whirlpools and cooling water; can also be used in seawater Measurement and Dulcomarin® II control device: In-line probe housing: DGM, DLGA Part no. 1029660. BRE 3-CAN-10ppm 0.02 ... 10.0 mg/l

Image: bit is the second of the second of



CDE 2-mA
Measured variable
Reference method
pH range
Cross sensibility
Temperature range
Max. pressure
Intake flow
Supply voltage
Output signal
Typical applications

Measurement and control equipment In-line probe housing Measuring Principle

1,0 bar 30...60 l/h (in DGMA or DLG III) 16...24 V DC 4...20 mA temperature compensated, uncalibrated, not electrically isolated uncontaminated potable water (surfactant-free) D1C, D2C, DAC

DGMa / DLG III amperometric, 2 electrodes, diaphragm-covered

792930.

792929.

792928.

CDE 2-mA-0.5 ppm	0,01…0,5 mg/l
CDE 2-mA-2 ppm	0,022,0 mg/l
CDE 2-mA-10 ppm	0,1010,0 mg/l

pk\_5\_046



### pk\_5\_050

pk\_5\_081



### CDP 1-mA-2 ppm (CIO<sub>2</sub>-process probe)

with 100 ml of electrolyte

•	
Applications:	Bottle washing machines and water containing surfactants
Measured variable:	Chlorine dioxide (ClO <sub>2</sub> )
Analysis:	DPD 1
Measurement range:	0.022.00 mg/l
pH range:	5.510.5
Temperature range:	1045 °C (short term periods 55 °C) with external temperature correction via Pt 100 (no internal temperature correction!)
Temperature variation	
speed:	Up to 10 K/min
Max. pressure:	3 bar (no pressure surges)
Flow:	3060 l/h (in DGM or DGMA)
Supply voltage:	1624 V DC (two-wire technology)
Output signal:	420 mA ł measurement range (un-calibrated) Warning: no electrical isolation!
Type application:	Process water containing surfactants (bottle washing machines)
Measuring and	
control device:	D1C with automatic temperature compensation only
In line probe housing:	the following is recommended (see fig.)
	Probe housing quote on request.
	Part No.

CDP 1-mA-2 ppm set with 100 ml electrolyte

1002149

### **6.5 DULCOTEST® Chlorine Dioxide Sensors**

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6.5.2 DULCOTEST <sup>°</sup> Sensors for Chlorine Dioxide



pk 6 083

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259



CDR 1-can-10 ppm

0,10...10,0 mg/l 1041145



# 6.6.1 DULCOTEST® Ozone Sensor 6.6.1 DULCOTEST° Sensors for Ozone <sup>Ř25</sup> OZE 3-mA Measured variable: Ozone (O<sub>3</sub>)



### pk 5 046

	020110 (03)		
Analysis:	DPD 4		
Measurement range:	0.022.00 mg/l		
pH range:	Ozone stability range		
Temperature range:	540 °C (temperature compen Temperature fluctuations	nsate	d), no significant
Max. pressure:	1 bar		
Flow:	3060 l/h (in DGM or DLGA)		
Power supply:	1624 VDC (two-wire technolog	gy)	
Output signal:	420 mA ł measurement range Warning: no electrical isolatio	ə (un o <b>n!</b>	-calibrated)
Typical applications:	Swimming pools, potable, indust	trial,	process water, surfactant free
Measurement and control devices:	D1C		
In-line probe housing:	DGM , DLGA		
			Part No.
OZE 3-mA-2 ppm set, with	100 ml electrolyte		792957.
OZE 3-mA-5 ppm set, with	100 ml electrolyte *	***	792957-5PPM

\*\*\* special \*\*\* not carried in stock, 6 week delivery

The DULCOTEST PAA 1 sensor models are membrane-covered amperometric 2-electrode sensors for the selective measurement of peracetic acid. Peracetic acid is used as a disinfectant particularly in the food and beverage industries as well as in the cosmetic, pharmaceutical and medical industries. The continuous measurement and control of the peracetic acid is essential to comply with demanding disinfection requirements and for quality control. Unlike with the sensors in the earlier Perox PES system the PAA 1-mÁ can be used with the D1Ca controller. Commissioning and maintenance is greatly simplified The sensors can even be used in the presence of surfactants (tensides).

The DULCOTEST® PEROX and PER1 sensors are membrane-covered, amperometric sensors for the online concentration measurement of hydrogen peroxide. Due to its complete biodegradability, hydrogen peroxide is a disinfectant and oxidising agent frequently used in water treatment and production: chemical bleach in the wood, paper, textile and mineral compounds industries, organic synthesis in the chemical, pharmaceutical and cosmetics industries, oxidation of potable water, landfill seepage water, contaminated ground water, disinfection of cooling, process and production water in the pharmaceutical, food and beverage industries as well as in swimming pools, deodorisation (gas scrubbers) in municipal and industrial clarification plants, dechlorination in chemical processes